

## Chapter 34

### MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

*State Law References: Uniform traffic control law, F.S. ch. 316; motor vehicle law generally, F.S. chs. 316 thru 325; uniform traffic control provisions, F.S. §316.001 et seq.; jurisdiction of city in traffic control, F.S. §§316.006, 316.007, 316.0081(i); enforcement by local authorities, F.S. §316.016(3)*

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ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

**Sec. 34-1. Speed limits.**

The speed limit shall be 25 miles per hour on all streets, alleys and thoroughfares within the city, except when signs are erected or placed giving notice of increased or decreased speed limits.

(Code 1976, §12-2)

*State Law References: Municipal speed limits, F.S. §316.183*

**Sec. 34-2. Operating vehicles on sand dunes, vegetation.**

No person shall operate any motor vehicle on, over or across any coastline sand dune or sand dune vegetation growing thereon, damaging or causing it to be damaged.

(Code 1976, §12-3)

**Secs. 34-3 thru 34-30. Reserved.**

ARTICLE II. STOPPING, STANDING, PARKING

**Sec. 34-31. Definitions.**

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

*Crosswalk* means:

- (1) That part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway, measured from the curbs or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway.
- (2) Any portion of roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface.

*Designated parking space* means any parking space posted with a sign bearing the internationally accepted wheelchair symbol and the caption "parking by disabled permit only."

*Finance director* means the finance director or designee of the city.

*Handicapped person* means any person with permanent mobility problems who has been issued an exemption entitlement parking permit pursuant to F.S. §320.0844.

*Intersection* means:

- (1) The area embraced with the prolongation or connection of the lateral curblines or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two highways which join one another at, or approximately at, right angles; or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different highways joining at any other angle may come in conflict.
- (2) Where a highway includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, every crossing of each roadway of such divided highway by an intersecting highway shall be regarded as a separate intersection. If the intersecting highway also includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, every crossing of two roadways shall be regarded as a separate intersection.

*Motor vehicle* or *vehicle* means any vehicle which is self-propelled by any means whatsoever.

*Official signs* means any sign which is placed or erected by the authority of a public body having jurisdiction for the purpose of regulating traffic or parking.

*Official traffic control devices* means all signs, signals, markings and devices, placed or erected by authority of a public body or official having jurisdiction for the purposes of regulating, warning or guiding traffic.

*Owner* means a person who holds the legal title of a vehicle or, if a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof, with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then such conditional vendee, or lessee, or mortgagor shall be deemed the owner, for the purpose of this article.

*Park* or *parking* means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading merchandise or passengers as may be permitted under this article.

*Pedestrian* means any person afoot.

*Police officer* means a police officer of the city police department.

*Private road or driveway* means any privately owned way or place used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons.

*Public parking space* means any parking space on private property which the owner, lessee or person in control of such property provides for use by members of the public other than employees of such owner, lessee or person, including but not limited to parking spaces at shopping centers, stores, offices, motels, malls and restaurants.

*Public works department* means the city public works department.

*Safety zone* means the area or space officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and protected or so marked by adequate signs or authorized pavement markings as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone.

*Sidewalk* means any path or way that is open to pedestrian travel, which path or way is physically separated from motorized vehicular traffic by an open space or by a barrier and is located either within the highway right-of-way or within an independent right-of-way. For purposes of this section, the term "sidewalk" includes that portion of the driveway which crosses the pedestrian way.

(Ord. 995, §1, 7-2-08)

*Stand* or *standing* means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, other than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers, as may be permitted by this article.

*Stop* or *stopping* means, when prohibited, any halting, even momentarily, of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or to comply with the directions of a law enforcement officer or traffic control sign or signal.

*Street* or *highway* means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way or place of whatever nature when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for the purposes of vehicular traffic.

*Traffic* means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, and vehicles, and other conveyances either singly or together while using any street or highway for purposes of travel.

(Code 1976, §12-29)

**Sec. 34-32. Stopping, standing or parking prohibited in certain areas or spaces.**

(a) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law, or the directions of a police officer, parking enforcement specialist, other law enforcement officer or official traffic control device, no person shall:

- (1) Stop, stand or park a vehicle:
  - a. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street.
  - b. On a sidewalk, bike path or bike lane.
  - c. Within an intersection.
  - d. On a crosswalk.
  - e. Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within 30 feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless the public works department or the state department of transportation indicates a different length by signs or markings.
  - f. Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic.
  - g. Upon any bridge or other elevated structure upon a highway.
  - h. In any area posted or marked as a fire lane.
  - i. Within any portion of the ocean bluff protection area except on established streets or access ways. The city council may, upon written request, authorize such traffic where it is deemed essential (such as might occur in the emergency rebuilding of the bluff during periods of severe beach erosion) or in the best interests of the city.
  - j. At any place where official signs prohibit stopping.
  - k. In such manner as to block traffic lane or to interfere with the orderly flow of traffic so as to constitute a hazard to the passage of emergency vehicles.
  - l. On the roadway or shoulder of a limited access facility, except as provided by regulation of the state department of transportation, or on the paved portion of a connecting ramp; except that a vehicle which is disabled or in a condition improper to be driven as a result of mechanical failure or accident may be parked on such shoulder for a period not to exceed six hours. This provision is not applicable to a person stopping a vehicle to render aid to an injured person or assistance to a disabled vehicle in obedience to the directions of a law enforcement officer or to a person stopping a vehicle in compliance with applicable traffic laws.

- m. For the purpose of loading or unloading a passenger on the paved roadway or shoulder of a limited access facility or on the paved portion of any connecting ramp. This provision is not applicable to a person stopping a vehicle to render aid to an injured person or assistance to a disabled vehicle.
- n. Trailers, construction equipment, boats, campers or recreational vehicles shall not be located on any part of the street right-of-way, whether paved or unpaved. This shall not apply to commercial vehicles parked temporarily while delivering services.

(2) Stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers:

- a. In front of a public or private driveway or occupied parking space.
- b. Within 15 feet of a fire hydrant.
- c. Within 20 feet of a crosswalk at an intersection.
- d. Within 30 feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, stop sign or traffic control signal located at the side of a roadway.
- e. Within 20 feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within 75 feet of the entrance (when signs are erected).
- f. At any place where official signs restrict parking, or in excess of time period authorized by such signs.
- g. Along or adjacent to any curb painted red or yellow or across the delineated boundaries of a public parking place.
- h. On an exclusive bicycle lane.
- i. At any place where official traffic control devices prohibit standing.

(3) Park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of, and while actually engaged in, loading or unloading merchandise or passengers at any place where official signs prohibit parking.

(b) No person shall move a vehicle not lawfully under his control into any such prohibited area or away from a curb such a distance as is unlawful.

(c) A law enforcement officer or parking enforcement specialist who discovers a vehicle parked in violation of this section may:

(1) Issue a ticket form as may be used by the city to the driver; or

(2) If the vehicle is unattended, attach such ticket to the vehicle in a conspicuous place, except that the uniform traffic citation prepared by the department pursuant to F.S. § 316.650 may not be issued by being attached to an unattended vehicle.

*(Code 1976, §12-30(a); Ord. 658, §1, 6-19-96; Ord. 797, §1, 10-18-00)*

*State Law References: Similar provisions, F.S. §316.1945*

**Sec. 34-33. Parking on right-hand curb.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, every vehicle stopped or parked upon a two-way street or highway shall be so stopped or parked with the right-hand wheels parallel to and within 12 inches of the right-hand curb or edge of the street or highway.

(b) Except when otherwise provided by this section, every vehicle stopped or parked upon a one-way street or highway shall be so stopped or parked parallel to the curb or edge of the roadway, in the direction of authorized traffic movement, on the right side, unless otherwise posted, with side wheels within 12 inches of the curb or edge of street.

*(Code 1976, §12-30(b))*

*State Law Reference: Similar provisions, F.S. §316.195*

**Sec. 34-34. Penalty.**

(a) Any person cited for a violation of section 34-32 or section 34-33 shall be assessed a civil penalty according to the following schedule:

(1) \$25.00 for a violation of subsections 34-32(a)(1)a through 34-32(a)(1)n and 34-32(a)(2)e.

(2) \$25.00 for a violation of subsections 34-32(a)(2)a. through 34-32(a)(2)d. and 34-32(a)(2)f. through 34-32(a)(2)i. and 34-32(a)(3).

(3) \$25.00 for a violation of subsections 34-33(a) and (b).

(b) Each day any violation occurs or continues shall be a separate offense. For parking in excess of the time authorized in a public parking space, each succeeding equal time period beyond that authorized as the maximum time period for the parking place shall constitute a separate offense.

(c) The amount of any penalty specified in this section shall be increased by \$15.00 if payment is not received by the finance director or designee prior to 12:00 a.m. on the 11th day and \$25.00 on the 21st day.

*(Code 1976, §12-31; Ord. 683, §1, 6-18-97; Ord. 797, §2, 10-18-00; Ord. 965, §1, 6-6-07)*

**Sec. 34-35. Public parking spaces designated for certain handicapped persons.**

(a) No person shall park any vehicle or bicycle in any public parking space designated for certain handicapped persons located on city-owned or leased property or private property within the incorporated areas of the city, unless such person is a handicapped person or unless such person is momentarily parking in such parking place for the purpose of unloading or loading a handicapped person.

(b) Any individual who violates the provisions of F.S. §316.1955 or 316.1956 shall be subject to a fine of \$100.00 for the first and subsequent violations.

(c) Any person parking in a space designated for disabled individual without displaying a valid handicap permit, section 34-35(a), may provide proof to the police department records clerk of a permit or license plate authorizing use of such parking space which was valid at the time the violation occurred, together with a signed affidavit that the vehicle in violation was transporting the owner of the permit or license plate at the time the violation occurred. Upon payment of a \$10.00 administrative fee with such item, the police department records clerk shall dismiss the parking ticket.

*(Code 1976, §12-32; Ord. 797, §3, 10-18-00)*

**Sec. 34-36. Issuance of city parking citations.**

(a) When any police officer or parking enforcement specialist employed by the police department finds a vehicle in violation of the provisions of this article or signs erected pursuant to the provisions of this article, he shall issue a parking citation to the vehicle by placing the citation in a conspicuous place on the vehicle. The parking citation form shall be on prenumbered forms as required and approved by the clerk and shall contain the following information:

- (1) Date, time and location of violation.
- (2) Vehicle tag number, decal number, model and color.
- (3) Name and address of registered owner or owners.
- (4) Owner's date of birth.
- (5) Name and signature of issuing officer or parking enforcement specialist.
- (6) Descriptions of violations and amounts of penalties.
- (7) Directions as to payment of penalty or request for hearing.
- (8) Statement as to effect of election to request hearing and failure to comply with citation pursuant to F.S. §316.1967.
- (9) Blanks for names and mailing address of person receiving citation.

(b) The police officer or parking enforcement specialist shall determine the registered owner of the vehicle for which a citation was issued and shall complete the citation form. The original copy of the citation form shall be forwarded to the finance director, or designee, when completed for processing pursuant to section 34-37. *(Code 1976, §12-33)*

**Sec. 34-37. Payment of civil penalties; proceedings to enforce payment for parking violations.**

(a) Any person issued a city parking citation pursuant to section 34-36 shall answer the citation by either of the following procedures within ten days after the date of issuance of the citation:

- (1) Payment of the penalty indicated on the citation may be remitted to the finance director or designee, pursuant to the directions on such citation.
- (2) A hearing may be requested by the person receiving the citation or the cited vehicle's registered owner for the purpose of presenting evidence before a county judge concerning a parking violation. Any person requesting a hearing shall execute a statement on a form prepared by the finance director or designee, which form has been approved by the clerk, indicating his willingness to appear at the hearing at a time and place specified thereon. Any person who requests a hearing and does not appear in accordance with the statement shall be subject to contempt proceedings or to other such penalties as the court may, in its discretion, impose to require compliance with this article.

(b) Pursuant to the provisions of F.S. §316.1967, an election to request a hearing constitutes a waiver of the right to pay the penalty indicated on the parking citation, and a county judge after the hearing may impose a fine not to exceed \$100.00 plus court costs for each parking violation.

(c) Upon receipt of a completed parking citation submitted by a police officer or parking enforcement specialist pursuant to section 34-35, the finance director or designee shall notify the registered owner first listed on the citation of its issuance if there has been no response to the citation pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The notice shall be sent by regular mail and shall inform the registered owner concerning the nature and location of the parking violation and direct compliance with either of the alternatives specified in subsection (a) of this section within 14 days after the date the notice is mailed, according to the records maintained by the finance director or designee.

(d) If payment of the civil penalty is not received or a hearing is not requested within the 14-day period after the notice described in subsection (c) of this section has been mailed and the notice is not returned as undeliverable by the U. S. Postal Service, the original citation, a copy of the notice and an affidavit verifying noncompliance with the citation shall be submitted to the clerk's office for processing in accordance with the procedures beginning with subsection (e) of this section.

(e) The clerk shall process parking violations submitted by the city which have complied with the request of subsection (a) of this section upon receipt of the citation and accompanying documents required by subsection (c) of this section. Within a reasonable time after receiving a citation and accompanying documentation required, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the clerk shall notify the registered owner first listed on the citation by certified mail of the issuance of the citation and direct compliance with either of the alternatives specified in subsection (a) of this section within 14 days after the date the notice is mailed according to the records maintained by the clerk. The notice shall also contain a statement informing the registered owner of the increased penalty required pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(f) If the clerk receives proof of delivery of the notice mailed by certified mail, pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, and payment of the penalty is not received or a hearing requested within the 14-day period specified in this section, the clerk shall cause the registered owner first listed on the parking citation to be served in accordance with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure with a court order requiring payment or attendance at a hearing at a time and place specified in the order. Pursuant to the provisions of F.S. §316.1967, a county judge after the hearing shall make a determination as to whether a parking violation has been committed and may impose a fine not to exceed \$100.00, plus court costs. Any person upon which service is obtained pursuant to this section who does not appear at a hearing as directed by a court order shall be subject to contempt proceedings or to such other penalties as the court may, in its discretion, impose to require compliance with the order.  
(Code 1976, §12-34)

**Sec. 34-38. Owner's liability for parking violation.**

(a) The owner of a vehicle is responsible and liable for payment of any parking ticket violation unless the owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the parking violation, in the care, custody or control of another person. In such instances the owner of the vehicle is required, within a reasonable time after notification of the parking violation, to furnish to the appropriate law enforcement authorities the name and address of the person or company who leased, rented or otherwise had the care, custody or control of the vehicle. The owner of a vehicle is not responsible for parking ticket violations if the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody or control of some person who did not have permission of the owner to use the vehicle.

(b) At any hearing of the case involving illegal parking in which the owner of the vehicle is being tried under this article, it shall be sufficient evidence upon which the court may rely to establish the name of the registered owner of the vehicle if a police officer or parking enforcement specialist shall state under oath that he has made inquiry of the department of highway safety and motor vehicles or office of the county tax collector and has been advised by them of the identity of the registered owner. Otherwise, the court may defer the final determination of the case until a certified record or appropriate certificate can be obtained from the office of the

department of highway safety and motor vehicles or county tax collector's office indicating the registered owner of the vehicle on the date in question.

*(Code 1976, §12-35)*

**Sec. 34-39. Disposition of fines, forfeitures; authorized costs.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all monies received by the finance director as a result of the parking citations issued by the city shall be paid to the city.

(b) In those instances in which payment is remitted to the clerk for a city parking citation prior to notice being mailed to the registered owner by certified mail, pursuant to section 34-37(e), the clerk shall deduct his costs of \$5.00 from the penalty imposed. In those instances in which a hearing is held, court costs up to \$10.00 may be assessed in addition to the penalty imposed.

*(Code 1976, §12-36)*

**Sec. 34-40. Motor vehicle towing and storage liens.**

The provisions of this article shall be supplementary to and shall not in any way preclude the city from utilizing the procedures specified in F.S. chs. 705, 713 and 715, governing the towing, storage and liens for the removal and storage of motor vehicles when such vehicles are parked on real property without the property owner's consent.

*(Code 1976, §12-37)*

**Sec. 34-41. Removal of vehicles.**

(a) Police officers are hereby authorized to direct the removal of motor vehicles under the following circumstances:

- (1) When a vehicle upon a street is so disabled as to constitute an obstruction to traffic, or the person in charge of the motor vehicle is by reason of physical injury incapacitated to such an extent as to be unable to exercise control over the motor vehicle.
- (2) When any vehicle is left unattended upon a street and is so parked illegally as to constitute a definite hazard or obstruction to the normal movement of traffic.
- (3) At any place where official signs or marking prohibit stopping or standing or indicate a no parking--tow away zone.
- (4) When the driver of the vehicle is taken into custody by the police department and the motor vehicle would thereby be left unattended upon a street or public right-of-way.
- (5) When removal is necessary in the interest of public safety because of fire, flood, storm or other emergency reason.
- (6) Any vehicle unlawfully located in violation of any of the ordinances of the city which prohibit the parking or the location of vehicles at the place where, or time when, the vehicle is found.

(b) No motor vehicle impounded in an authorized garage shall be released therefrom until the towing fee and/or storage charges shall be paid by the owner or his agent.

(c) If the registered owner or other legally authorized person in control of the vehicle shall arrive at the scene prior to removal or towing of the vehicle, the vehicle shall be disconnected from the towing or removal apparatus, and that person shall be allowed to remove the vehicle without interference upon the payment of a

reasonable service fee of not more than one-half of the posted rate for such towing service, as provided in subsection (d), for which a receipt shall be given, unless the person refuses to remove the vehicle which is otherwise unlawfully parked.

(d) Any person authorized to tow or remove vehicles who proposes to require an owner, operator or person in control of a vehicle to pay the costs of towing and storage prior to redemption of the vehicle must file and keep on record with the city police department a complete copy of the current rates to be charged for such services and post at the storage site an identical rate schedule.

(e) When a vehicle has been towed or removed pursuant to this section and the police department authorizes the vehicle to be released, it must be released to its owner or custodian within one-half hour after it is requested, during normal business hours of the firm holding such vehicle. Any vehicle owner, custodian or agent shall have the right to inspect the vehicle before accepting its return, and no release or waiver of any kind which would release the person towing the vehicle from liability for damages noted by the owner or other legally authorized person at the time of the redemption may be required from any vehicle owner, custodian or agent as a condition of release of the vehicle to its owner. A detailed, signed receipt showing the legal name of the company or person towing or removing the vehicle must be given to the person paying towing or storage charges at the time of payment, whether requested or not.

(f) This section shall not apply to law enforcement, firefighting, rescue squad, ambulance or other emergency vehicles which are marked as such or to property owned by any governmental entity.  
(Code 1976, §12-38)

**Secs. 34-42 thru 34-65. Reserved.**

### **ARTICLE III. BICYCLES**

*State Law References: City's authority to regulate the operation of bicycles, F.S. §316.008(h);  
regulations and obedience to traffic laws, F.S. §316.2065*

**Sec. 34-66. Definitions.**

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

*Bicycle* means any device propelled by human power upon which any person may ride, having two tandem wheels, either of which is 20 inches or more in diameter, and including any device generally recognized as a bicycle though equipped with two front or two rear wheels.

*Bicycleway or bikeway* means any path, trail, place or way especially designed, constructed or designated for bicycle traffic.

*Operate* means the exercise of actual physical control of a vehicle or the exercise over or steering of a vehicle in tow.

*Operator* means any person who is in actual physical control of a vehicle upon a street or highway.

*Parked or parking* means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, even momentarily, for any purpose other than in recognition of a duly authorized traffic control marker.

*Private road or driveway* means any privately owned way or place used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons.

*Roadway* means that portion of a highway or street designed for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder.

*Street or highway* means the entire paved area designated for vehicular traffic, exclusive of curbs, between the boundary lines of street or highway right-of-way.

*Traffic control device* means all signs, signals, markings and devices placed or erected by the city for the purposes of regulating, warning or guiding traffic for the purposes of this chapter.

*Vehicle* means any motorized device in, upon or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway or street, except bicycles as defined in this section.

(Code 1976, §12-9)

**Sec. 34-67. Applicability of article.**

This article shall apply whenever a bicycle is operated upon any street or upon any public path set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles, subject to those exceptions stated in this article.

(Code 1976, §12-10)

**Sec. 34-68. Subject to applicable laws of state, city.**

Every person riding a bicycle upon the street shall be subject to all the duties imposed upon the driver of the vehicle under the laws of the state, and other ordinances of the city, unless such duties by their nature have no application to bicycle riders.

(Code 1976, §12-11)

**Sec. 34-69. Penalty.**

Except as otherwise provided in this article, any person found guilty of a first offense of this article within any 12-month period shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5.00. Any person found guilty of a second violation of this article within any 12-month period shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$15.00, and such person found guilty of a third violation of this article within any 12-month period shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$25.00, and may have his bicycle impounded for a period not to exceed 14 consecutive days.

(Code 1976, §12-23)

**Sec. 34-70. Bicycleways; prohibited acts, penalty.**

(a) It shall be unlawful under the provisions of this section for:

- (1) Any person to operate any vehicle upon any bicycleway within the city limits for whatever purpose; provided, however, that such prohibition shall not be construed so as to restrict access to properly established streets, highways, private or public roads or driveways across the bicycleways.
- (2) Any vehicle to be parked upon any bicycleway within the city limits.
- (3) Any person to dig up or in any way obstruct any bicycleway within the city limits; provided, however, that such prohibition shall not be construed so as to hinder or prevent the following:
  - a. The installation, repair or replacement of any utilities; provided, that the bicycleway shall be restored to its prior condition immediately upon the completion of the installation, by the person installing, repairing or replacing the utilities.

- b. Any obstruction in conjunction with a construction project initiated pursuant to the issuance of a building permit authorized by the city; provided that the bicycleway shall be restored to its prior condition upon completion of the project.
- c. Any obstruction authorized in writing by the building inspector of the city; provided, the bicycleway shall be restored to its prior condition upon termination of the authorized activity.

(b) Any person convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be punishable by a fine not to exceed \$25.00. Each day of each violation enumerated in subsection (a) constitutes a separate offense under this section.  
(Code 1976, §12-16.1)

**Sec. 34-71. Use of bicycleways required when available.**

Whenever a usable path for bicycles has been provided adjacent to a roadway, bicycle riders shall use the path and shall not use the roadway.  
(Code 1976, §12-17)

**Sec. 34-72. Responsibility of parents, guardians.**

No parent of any minor child and no guardian of any minor ward shall authorize or knowingly permit any such minor child or ward to violate any of the provisions of this article.  
(Code 1976, §12-20)

**Sec. 34-73. Parking.**

No person shall park a bicycle in any public area specifically restricted from such use and so designated by the police department and posted, nor attach a bicycle to any public fence, post, wall or other structure specifically restricted from such use and so designated and marked.  
(Code 1976, §12-21)

**Sec. 34-74. Registration required.**

Bicycles owned by residents of the city and operated on public streets and paths shall be registered by the police department for identification. The police department shall establish rules and procedures for bicycle registration and publish these rules at least annually in an appropriate newsletter or other news media.  
(Code 1976, §12-22)

END CHAPTER 34